

# Worldwide Trends in Database Threats and Database Security

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# The basics

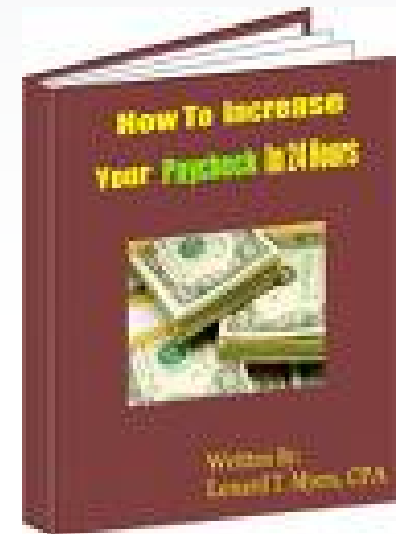
No-one is going to say to a DBA:

"Congratulations, no-one stole data from us this year.  
Here's a 10% pay raise"

Instead they say:

"Great, we reduced the number of days the database  
was down for maintenance by 5%"

Source: Anonymous contributor to the "Eye on Oracle" blog



# What happened in the last 3 years?

- February 2005: ChoicePoint Breach
  - Credit history information
  - Classic social engineering attack
  - Result: 163k consumer records stolen, \$15M in penalties and charges, security audits until 2026...
- December 2005: Guidance Software Inc. Breach
  - 3,800 Credit cards, names and more of professionals from NSA, FBI, CIA...
  - Probably SQL injection attack via the web
- Also in 2005 - -- University of Southern California, Boston College, California State University, Chico and the University of Georgia, Lexis Nexis, PayMaxx, San Jose medical, DSW all suffered high profile data breaches ...



# This Year

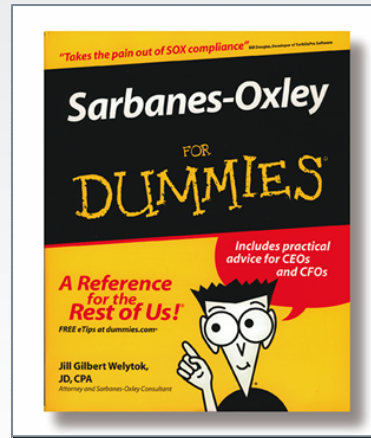


- July 2005 - January 2007: TJX
  - 45.7M+ credit/debit card records stolen
  - Sophisticated attack (WiFi -> Internal Network -> DB)
  - Result: data sold to data brokers and used in many scams, TJX faces lawsuits and losses of \$25M until May 07 (will grow considerably)
- July 2007 - Fidelity National Information Services
  - Bank and credit data of 2.3M customers
  - Stolen by a DBA
- And many more breaches... not only in the U.S. (e.g. Home Office breach in the U.K.)
- Many breaches are unknown or not made public
- Many breaches remain undetected

# What else happened during these years?

- Regulations kicking in:

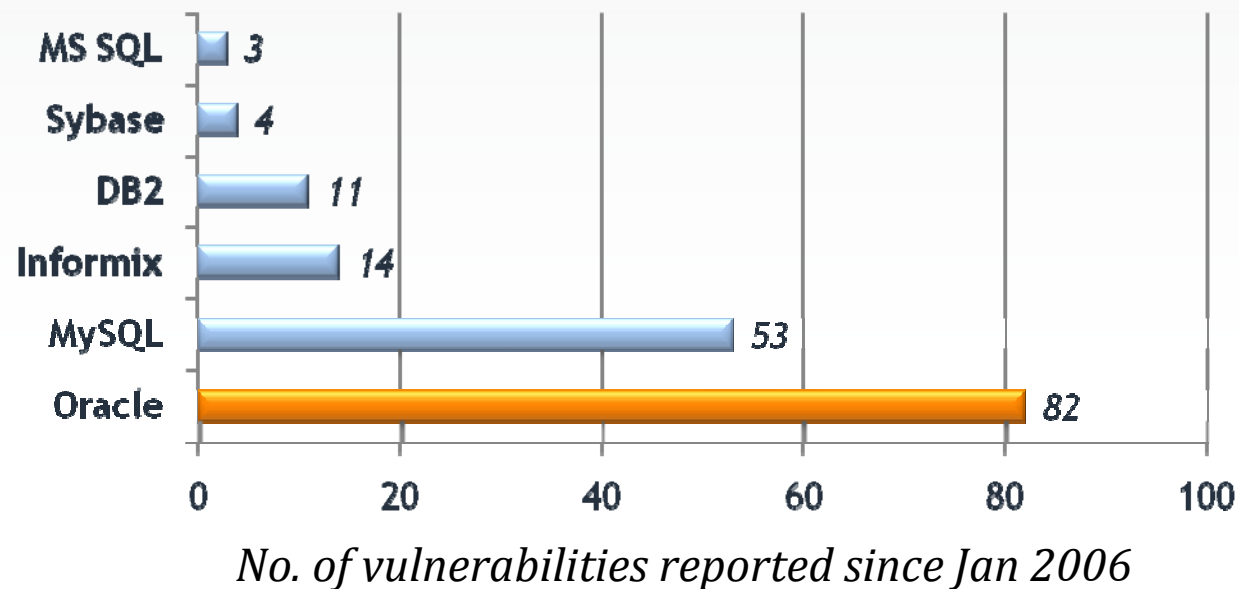
- SB 1386
- Sarbanes Oxley
- PCI-DSS
- SAS 70
- and more...



- Bad guys are getting more "professional"
- Perimeter firewalls are doing a better job at protecting databases from external threats
- Outsourcing IT is the norm
- Many databases get closer to the Internet
- Database vendors begin to acknowledge vulnerabilities

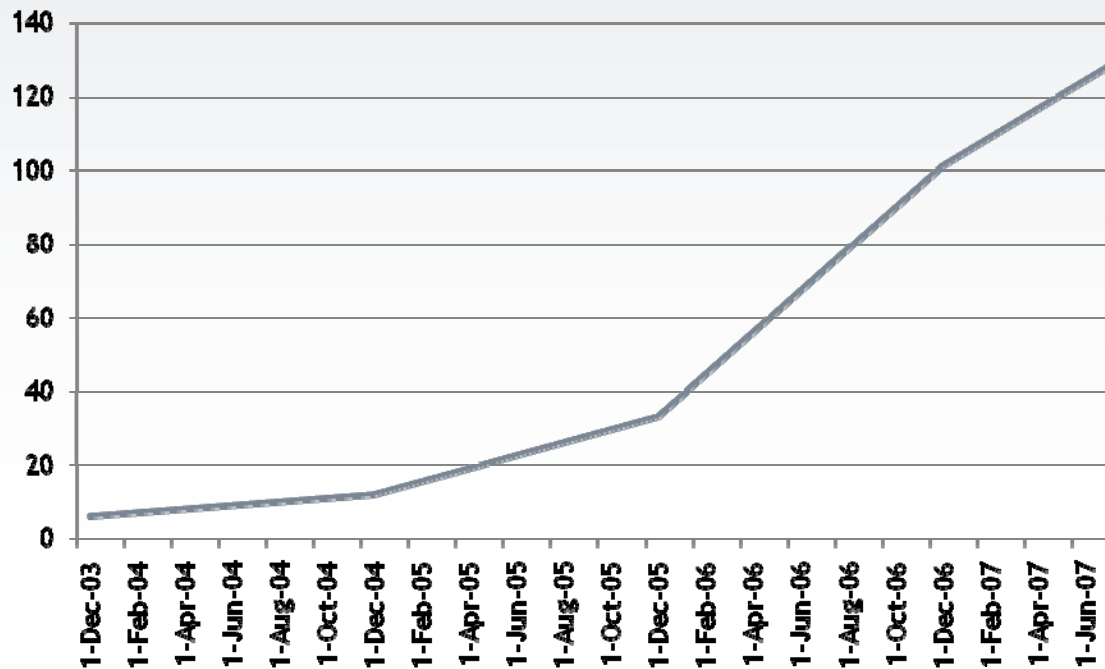
# Vulnerabilities abound

- The most widely used, diverse and complicated DBMS - Oracle is the center of attention as regards DBMS security threats
- CVE (*Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures, an independent security website*) lists the no. of vulnerabilities for DBMSs as follows:



# Oracle database CVEs (Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures)

Total Number of CVEs from 2003 (accumulated)



# What are the attack trends we predict?

- Internet attacks on databases will have less impact:
  - Better perimeter protection in place
  - Customer awareness to risks higher
- Insider attacks on databases have always happened but now have higher exposure
  - Exposure will lead to more attacks
  - Like network based attacks, benevolent hackers will be replaced by criminals
  - Loyalty of insiders cannot be counted on
- Attacks will become more sophisticated
  - We are still in initial stages of evolution
  - Last Black Hat showed that more sophisticated attacks are possible and vicious





# Database security products



- Most are firewalls on steroids:
  - Take the firewall paradigm, apply it to database
  - Based on finding the SQL within network protocol and applying policy to it
  - Yet another appliance to worry about
  - Targeted at security professionals, not DBAs
  - Some add agents to compensate for major blind spots
  - Will end up integrating into perimeter products
- Many homegrown solutions that focus on compliance rather than real security

# Another word about compliance

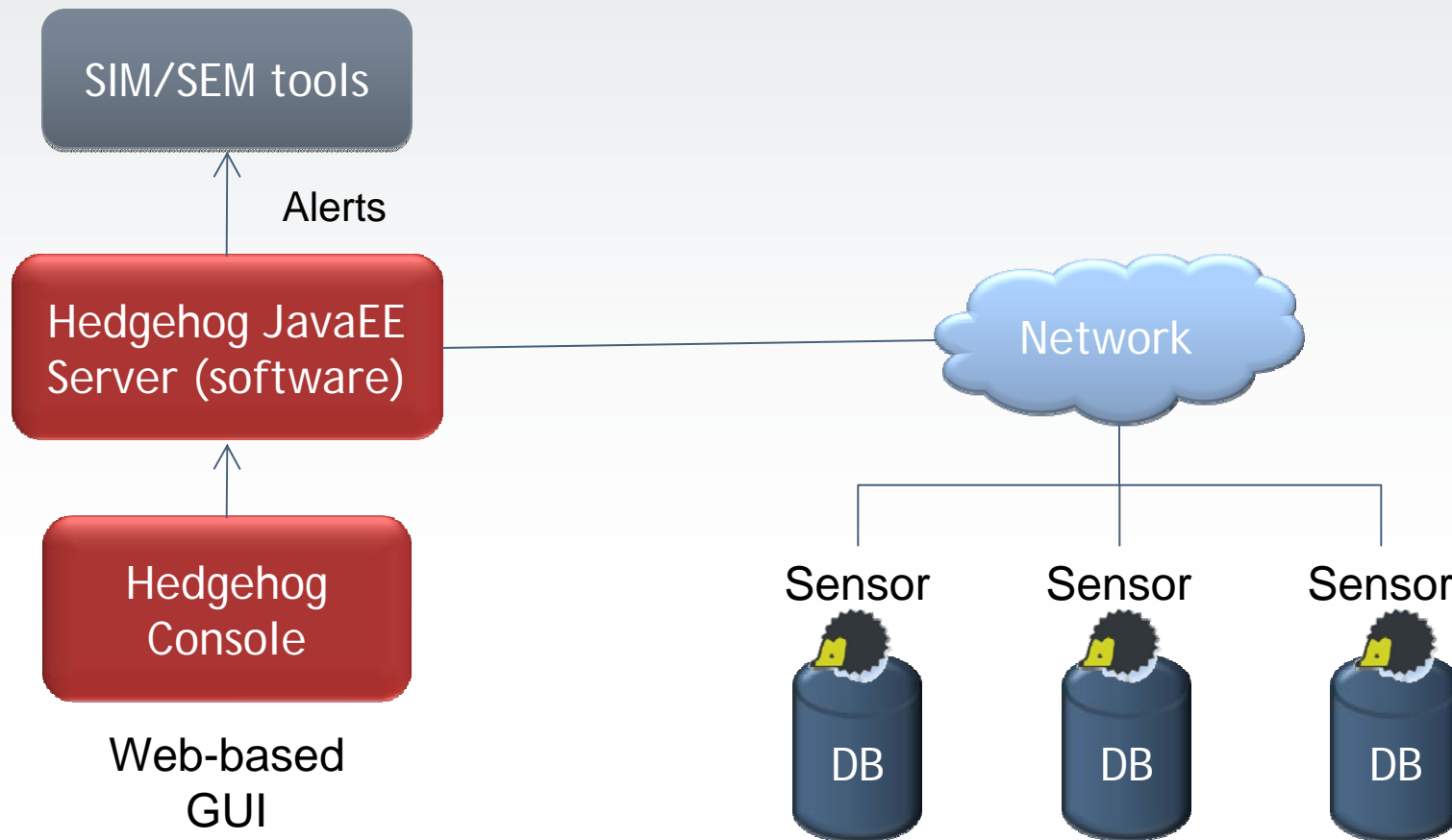
- Important for many reasons
- Often a lot of interpretation is involved
- But it is not security - you can be 100% compliant with any or all regulations but still exposed
- Securing your database, requires a deep understanding of your environment



# Hedgehog: Real Database Security

- A host-based software solution that monitors *all* DB transactions in real time
- Prevents improper use by privileged users as well as intruders from the outside
- Preset and administrator-defined rules
- Minimal impact on performance - uses less than 5% of a single CPU
- Full audit trail

# Hedgehog Logical Architecture



Thank You!



# How about the bad guys?

## 2007

25-mar-2007 [SQL Injection in KUPV\\$FT - \[Become DBA\] - via cursor](#)  
25-mar-2007 [Local Privilege Escalation \(win32\) - \[Become DBA\]](#)  
25-mar-2007 [SQL Injection in KUPM\\$MCP - \[Become DBA\] - via cursor](#)  
25-mar-2007 [SQL Injection in KUPW\\$WORKER - \[Become DBA\] - cursor](#)

## 2006

17-nov-2006 [SQL Injection in KUPW\\$WORKER - \[Become DBA\]](#)  
20-apr-2006 [SQL Injection in dbms\\_export\\_extension - \[Become DBA\]](#)

## 2005

27-jan-2006 [Buffer overflow DBMS\\_XMLSCHEMA - \[Crash File on Database Server\]](#)  
27-jan-2006 [Buffer overflow DBMS\\_XMLSCHEMA\\_INT - \[Create Remote Shell\]](#)  
01-may-2005 [OS command injection in DBMS\\_SCHEDULER - \[Become DBA\]](#)  
18-apr-2005 [SQL Injection vulnerability in DBMS\\_METADATA - \[Become DBA\]](#)  
18-apr-2005 [SQL Injection vulnerability in DBMS\\_CDC\\_SUBSCRIBE / DBMS\\_CDC\\_ISUBSCRIBE - \[Become DBA\]](#)  
18-apr-2005 [Denial of service vulnerability in Oracle Intermedia \[Denial of Service\]](#)  
2-may-2005 [Become DBA via DBMS\\_SYS\\_SQL \[Become DBA\]](#)  
2-may-2005 [Switch username to SYS after executing a job via DBMS\\_SCHEDULER \[Switch Username\]](#)

- Exploits for Oracle 10g only
- Only exploits that are already patched presented here, and this is a good site...
- Source: red database security

